Numb. 675

The Daily Gazetteer.

Friday, September 2. 1737.

9l° 683.

A LETTER *from a* Craftſman *in* Newgate, *to his chief Patron in* France: *Occaſioned by the late violent Proſecutions of the Authors of the* Country Journal.

Creſcit ſub Pondere——

My Lord,

AM ſorry it is my hard Fortune, after ſo ſevere and ſo long a Confinement, ſtill to date my Letter, and my Complaints, from this ſhameful Place; for the Poſſeſſion of which I have been perſuaded to reſign my Freedom, my Intereſt, and my Happineſs. You will imagine with what Pleaſure I am able to reliſh a Converſation here with Felons and Murderers, who had a Friendſhip once allowed me with the fineſt Wits, and greateſt Stateſmen in *Europe*. But, alas! inſtead of your refined Schemes and Artifices, how to ſupplant a Rival, deſtroy a Miniſter, or diſtreſs a Government, I am here entertained with the neweſt Stratagems to attack a Coach, and rifle a Counter. Actions which, theſe Fellows tell me, have leſs Guilt and more Honeſty in 'em, than thoſe which you and I have been engaged in for ſeveral Years: Tho' 'tis from theſe alone that we derive our Glory, and the Nation is to expect its Happineſs.

'Tis with the utmoſt Pain that I am forced to inform your Lordſhip, that inſolent Reflections are perpetually made by theſe Fellows, upon your Character, your Conduct, and your Writings. But what adds moſt to my preſent Affliction is, that I am deny'd the Privilege here of reading your Journal; which would be the greateſt Relief and Conſolation to me, under my unhappy Confinement: The Turnkey averring it would infect his Subjects with much worſe Principles than any they brought with 'em into Newgate; that were they ſuffered to peruſe your Paper, moſt of them muſt die as diſloyal to their Prince, as they have lived injurious to their Country.

Yet under this miſerable Confinement, which ſubjects me to ſo ſad a Viciſſitude of Shame, Remorſe, and Sorrow, how often has my Heart exulted, with a pleaſing Proſpect of thoſe Honours I am promiſed to enjoy under your happy Adminiſtration, when Secretary or Treaſurer? I have often, in Thought, beat down my Counter, deſtroyed my beſt Alphabet, bought a Chariot, and cloath'd my Wife in Silks from Head to Foot, upon one ſingle Aſſurance of your Lordſhip's future Favour: But with what Sincerity it was given, with what Wiſdom credited, and with what Fidelity executed, your own Heart, my Lord, and my Sufferings, can beſt teſtify; while my own Hopes ſeem juſt as vain and chimerical as your Glory. For in ſpite of all your ſolemn Vows, and Schemes of Deſtruction, I ſtill behold your Friends deſpiſed and diſconſolate; your Enemies beloved and powerful; in full Poſſeſſion of the Sovereign's Eſteem, and the People's Affection; notwithſtanding every Art and Method you have tried to deprive them of it. I ſtill, my Lord, behold them Favourites of the beſt and wiſeſt Part of the Nation; who acknowledge their Services, applaud their Courage, and bleſs their Conduct: Aſcribing our Affluence and Tranquility at home, as well as our Intereſt and Importance abroad, to their prudent Counſels, and wiſe Adminiſtration; which have advanced the *Britiſh* Power to that Height, as to enable us to hold the Balance of all *Europe* in our Hands; to oblige the greateſt of her contending Princes, rather to accept our Mediation than provoke our Reſentments; who look with Envy on that Nation, and Wonder on thoſe Counſels you have ſo often derided; which yet have revived her Credit, ſecured her Peace, and enlarged her Proſperity; while every unhappy State around her, is become a Scene of Miſery and Want, of Bloodſhed and Deſolation: *Spain* being able neither to ſend her Fleets abroad, nor purſue her Conqueſts at home, without firſt asking Leave of a *Britiſh* King and a *Britiſh* Parliament. Nay, my Lord, I am credibly informed, that your Enemies have gained a ſtronger Intereſt in the People's Love, and the Sovereign's Eſteem, by your Hatred and Oppoſition; which has done them, it is ſaid, greater Service than their Innocence and Abilities; their Merits or their Virtue. Inſinuations, my Lord, as deſtructive to my Hopes, as to your own baffled Schemes, and diſappointed Ambition.

Oh, my Lord! you cannot ſure reflect without a Mixture of Shame and Pity, upon the Sufferings of a Wretch, you have given up a guiltleſs Sacrifice to your own private Revenge and Cruelty! Ask your Heart ſeriouſly, is a Loſs of Freedom, a Society with Villains, a ſecret Conflict with Remorſe, Sorrow, and Repentance, a juſt Recompence in your Opinion, for the Fines I have paid, the Proſecutions I have ſuffered, and the Penalties I have ſo often undergone, to ſcreen yourſelf and others, from publick Juſtice, and a Nation's Vengeance! a Vengeance, I have often been told, which any other Nation, but the moſt forgiving and merciful, would long ſince have exacted of the Authors of ſuch Libels, for the Inſults they repeat, the Falſhoods they propagate, the Infamy they endeavour to fix on the Virtuous and Innocent; for the Inſurrections they encourage, the Diſaffection they inſpire, and the Miſchiefs and Miſeries they threaten to the juſteſt Prince, and the mildeſt Government. Nay, I have had the Mortification to be further told, that ſince the happy Acceſſion of his Majeſty, his Subjects have had Reaſon to complain of nothing ſo much, as too fatal a Lenity and Tenderneſs to thoſe, who have ſo often provoked his Royal Reſentments, and the Indignation of his People: And if ever *Britain* forfeited her Freedom or her Happineſs, it was not to be dreaded ſo much from any illegal Acts of her Sovereign's Power, as from a noble, tho' dangerous Exceſs of his Compaſſion and Mercy.

But you, my Lord, have little to dread from your boldeſt Reflections on the Throne; and your bittereſt Invectives againſt thoſe who ſupport it. You are ſecured againſt the Penalties of Treaſon, by the Numbers you have made traiterous; and that Guilt, which would have ſacrificed a leſs Offender, is become your Protection; while you thus gain a Security, rather from the Fears of your Enemies, than the Juſtice of your Actions. The Ignorant you have deluded, the Credulous you have impoſed upon, the Vain you have flatter'd, and the Diſcontented you have ſower'd, are all your Admirers; and there is not a ſingle Perſon in *England* who hates his *Sovereign*, but is entirely your Friend, and pays you Adoration.

But while you are daily feeding upon the Applauſes of the People; and receiving the Incenſe offered to you by your Favourites, thoſe Writings which contribute ſo much to your Glory, expoſe me to equal Danger. While I ſuffer for a Guilt I never incurred; and by an Enemy I never provok'd; only to oblige another. I am placed in the midſt, between you, and the Indignation of an inſulted Government; to intercept thoſe Arrows in my Boſom, which muſt otherwiſe have fix'd, and prov'd fatal in your's. While an Epigram now and then in praiſe of my Bravery and Boldneſs, is eſteem'd a ſufficient Reward for a Reſignation of my Liberty, and the Forfeiture of my Innocence; only to gratify the Paſſions of the Proud, the Peeviſh, the Ambitious, and, I am afraid, the *Guilty*: If I am tranſported into any indecent Heat or Extravagance upon this Occaſion, what I feel, will, I hope, excuſe the Freedom of what I utter; the only Freedom, which my own Weakneſs and Credulity; I am unwilling to add, which your Lordſhip's Falſhood has left me.

Oh, my Lord! 'tis with the moſt ſenſible Affliction I now remind you of thoſe Hardſhips, which my preſent Confinement obliges me to ſubmit to, and the Pleaſure as well as Honour it deprives me of. Inſtead of thoſe agreeable Moments you allowed me once to enjoy at ——, with the greateſt Perſons, and profoundeſt Stateſmen in *Europe*, I here converſe with nothing but dark Walls, diſmal Looks, and deſperate Countenances; with a gloomy Gang of Felons and *Banditti*, who treat me with the utmoſt Inſolence; and what affects me ſtill more, your Lordſhip with much greater! Could you ever imagine, my Lord, I ſhould be told by one of theſe Fellows, that I deſerved hanging a great deal more, than himſelf, who had violated the Laws of his Country, only to ſupport a neceſſitous and miſerable Life. Appealing to my own Conſcience (I ſuppoſe he meant your Lordſhip's) whether robbing an innocent Perſon of his Integrity, and Honour, to expoſe him to popular Fury, and the Rage of a Multitude, with their Heads inflam'd, and Hearts corrupted by your Writings: If theſe were not Actions of a blacker Guilt, and deeper Malignity, than robbing the ſame Perſon of his Watch or his Money; or forging a Deed, or Bank Note, to preſerve a hungry Family from ſtarving.

A ſecond of theſe Raſcals, with ſtill a greater Degree of Aſſurance, was pleaſed to tell me, that tho' you were perpetually bawling out, the Weight of our Debts, and Number of our Taxes, to enflame the People's Minds againſt the Government, yet that no Man in *England* had contributed more than yourſelf, to this Weight or Number! He ſwore the Neceſſity of a ſtanding Army, was owing in a great meaſure to your own traiterous Practices; being rais'd at firſt to ſuppreſs a dangerous Rebellion you had actually ſtirred up againſt your Prince; and continued ever ſince, to guard the Nation from thoſe Confederacies Abroad, which you had arm'd againſt her; and thoſe Tumults at Home, you openly encouraged and excited; to embroil your Country, and deſtroy its Peace.

A third, it ſeems, was of Opinion, that to convert a Perſon into a Patriot, to make him an honeſter Subject, was like converting a Proteſtant into a Papiſt, to make him a better Chriſtian; tho' in Proportion as he advances in Faith, he muſt decline in Reaſon, and renounce the Evidence of his Senſes, to give the ſtrongeſt Proof of the Reality of his Converſion.

A fourth was very poſitive, that his Majeſty had loſt more Subjects by the *Country Journal*, than the Rebellions at *Preſton* and *Dumblain*; of which he ſwore heartily you were the chief Promoter: And that you had injured your Country more by your virulent Pen, than ever you were able to do, with your Sword or Courage. He told me, he had once been engaged in a Conſpiracy againſt the State, by reading one of your Journals; and that he verily believed at that time he was acting honourably in committing Perjury and Treaſon. But being touch'd with Remorſe, for what he had done, he took to the Highway for a Maintenance, to live in a more reputable Manner, and die with a better Character. He did not deny ſeveral Robberies he had committed; but had the Inſolence at the ſame time to avow, that he thought himſelf a Gentleman of much more Honour, and a fairer Reputation than yourſelf; as the Guilt of injuring a few ſingle People could never equal the Infamy of ſowing Sedition, encouraging Inſurrections, and arming the Subject with unjuſt Reſentments, againſt the beſt of Princes, and the mildeſt of Governments.

[*To be concluded in our next.*]

To the Author of the Daily Gazetteer.

SIR,

YOUR Readers are very much obliged to you, for the Account you lately gave them, of the Second Edition of the *Cure of Deiſm*. That Writer has hit upon the propereſt Method of dealing with all the Adverſaries of Chriſtianity; namely, the *Mediatorial Scheme*. This was the Sentiment of one of the greateſt Men that ever *England*, or any other Country, produced. He expreſſes himſelf in ſo extraordinary a Manner on this Subject, that the Paſſage is very worthy of being communicated to the Publick.

'I believe that God is ſo holy, pure, and jealous, 'that it is impoſſible for him to be pleaſed in any 'Creature, tho' the Work of his own Hands; ſo 'that neither Angel, Man, nor World, could 'ſtand, or can ſtand, one Moment in his Eyes, 'without beholding the ſame in the Face of a Mediator: And therefore, that before him with whom 'all Things are preſent, the Lamb of God was ſlain 'before all Worlds. Which is the great Myſtery 'and perfect Centre of all God's Ways with his 'Creatures, and unto which all his other Works 'and Wonders do but ſerve and refer.'

This was the Opinion of that Prodigy of Learning and Knowledge, the Lord *Bacon*. Now againſt his ſingle Judgment, let the Diſciples of Deiſm put into the Scale an Earl of *Sh*——*y*, a *Collins*,

Tolland

Thulal, a *Toland*, and a *Budgell*, and let them try what they will all weigh.

I am, SIR,
Your very Humble Servant.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Canterbury, Auguſt 31. On Thurſday laſt the Hon. Charles Fielding, Eſq; Brother to the Right Hon. the Earl of Denbigh, was married at Eaſtwell, to the Lady Bridges of Gunſton

His Grace the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury hath given the Rectory of St. Peter's in Sandwich to the Rev. Mr. George Oliver; which Living became void by the Death of Mr. De Gols, and was for this Turn in the Gift of the Corporation of Sandwich, but they not preſenting to it within the ſix Months which the Law allows to every Patron, the Right of preſenting for this Time lapſed to the Archbiſhop.

The 2 young Men who lately received Sentence of Death at our Seſſions for Houſe-breaking, are reprieved, in order to be tranſported for 14 Years.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Aug. 31. Wind S. by E. Several of the outward bound Ships are ſailed, and others are preparing to ſail. Came down the Catherine, Farmer, for New York; the Chapman, Ward, for Diep; the Prince of Orange, Davis, for Lisbon. Arrived the Europa, Goſton, from Leghorn. The Ellen, Joad, from Oporto for London, is arrived at Sandwich. The Queen of France, Capt. Morell, bound from Havre de Grace for Martineque and Guadaleup, is gone to Sheerneſs to ſtop her Leaks, having had 6 Feet Water in her Hold.

Graveſend, Aug. 31. Paſſed by the Bucks Nook, Homans; and the John, Heath, from Norway; the Mary, Pruſt, from Malaga; the Succeſs, Tomlinſon; and the Succeſs, Dunkin, from Petersburg; and the Lee, Woodrope, from Maryland.

LONDON.

Yeſterday their Graces the Duke and Ducheſs of Devonſhire, with ſeveral Perſons of Diſtinction, ſet out from Chatſworth in Derbyſhire, for Weſt-Cheſter, in order to embark for Ireland; the Parliament being to ſit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, the 2d of next Month.

Yeſterday ſeveral Priſoners were removed from the Gatehouſe, Weſtminſter, and other adjacent Gaols to Newgate, in order to take their reſpective Trials at the enſuing Seſſions at the Old Bailey, which begins on Wedneſday next; amongſt whom was John Totterdale, for the Murder of his Wife, in Tuſton-ſtreet, Weſtminſter.

On Monday laſt died at Bray in Hertfordſhire, the only Son of Sir Harry Lyddell, Bart. Member of Parliament for Morpeth, who married the only Daughter of the late Sir Peter Delme, formerly Lord Mayor of this City.

Yeſterday upwards of 20 Perſons were Convicted before the Hon. Commiſſioners of Exciſe, in the Penalty of 100 l. each, for Retailing Spirituous Liquors, contrary to the late Act.

Laſt Night the Lady Hartoff came to Town from Hampton-Court, to her Houſe at Stable-Yard, St. James's; where her Ladyſhip will continue for ſome ſmall Time till her Affairs are ſettled, and then return to Hanover.

Laſt Sunday Morning died, at his Seat near Ruſford, in the County of Lancaſter, Thomas Haſtings, Eſq; a Gentleman of about 2000 l. per Annum, and a near Relation to the Right Hon. the Earl of Huntington.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint the Rev. Joſeph Billingſley, D. D. to be one of the Prebendaries of the Cathedral Church of Chriſt, in the Univerſity of Oxford; and on Tueſday a Grant paſſed the Great Seal accordingly.

On Wedneſday laſt an old Houſe in Bedford-bury fell down with the Inhabitants in it, but none of them received any Hurt.

Yeſterday Col. Selwin lay dangerouſly ill, at his Houſe in Cleveland-Row, St. James's.

On Wedneſday in the Afternoon, one John Roberts, Servant to Mrs. Goaring of Conduit-ſtreet, was drowned in the Serpentine River, as he was waſhing himſelf.

This Morning about Two o'Clock, a Fire broke out near Holbourn-Bridge, which was not extinguiſhed when this Paper went to Preſs.

High Water this Day at London Bridge	Morning	Evening
	04 21	4 37

Bank Stock 145 3-8ths. India 178. South Sea 101 3-8ths to 1-half. Old Annuity 111 1-4th to 3-8ths. New ditto 111 to 1-8th. Three per Cent. 106 3-8ths. Emperor's Loan 113 1-4th. Royal Aſſurance 108 3-4ths to 109. London Aſſurance 14 3-4ths to 7-8ths. African 14. New India Bonds 61 l. 19 s. to 7 l. Prem. Old ditto, 61. 16 s. to 17 s. Premium. South Sea ditto 5 l. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 15 s. to 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Prem. Engliſh Copper 21. 12 s. Welch ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 3 4ths to 3 per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 123 1-4th. Lottery Tickets 10 l. 4 s. 6 d.

Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at Greenwich, Auguſt 3, 1737.

THE Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at Greenwich being impowered, by Letters Patent, to hold and keep two Markets, on Wedneſday and Saturday in every Week, for the Buying and Selling of all Sorts of Proviſions, Goods, and Wares whatſoever, uſually bought and ſold in Markets, and to take and receive all Cuſtoms, Tolls, and other Profits thereto belonging, Do hereby give Notice, That a proper Place, on a Piece of Ground belonging to the ſaid Hoſpital in the Town of Greenwich, being ſet out, and Shambles, Stalls, Standings, and other Conveniencies, provided for holding the ſaid Markets, a Market will be held there, on Saturday the 3d Day of September next, at the uſual Time of holding Markets; and afterwards, will be continued to be held and kept on every Wedneſday and Saturday following, purſuant to the Powers in and by the ſaid Letters Patent granted, for the Selling and Buying all Sorts of Proviſions, Goods, and Wares, as aforeſaid; and that all ſuch Perſons who ſhall think fit to take any Shambles, Stalls, or Standings in the ſaid Market, for the expoſing any Goods to Sale therein, may on the Publication hereof, apply to Mr. Joſeph Coſtwaite, at his Houſe over againſt the Church in Greenwich, concerning the ſame. And for the encouraging Traders, and other Perſons, to reſort to, and uſe the ſaid Markets, it is hereby declared, That all Perſons taking any Shambles, or other Places, and uſing the ſame, for the Selling of any Goods therein, ſhall hold the ſaid Shambles and Places Rent-free, and without paying any Thing for the ſame, for one Year, from the 3d Day of September next. Provided, that they come to an Agreement with the Directors of the ſaid Hoſpital, at the End of Nine Months, to pay ſuch Weekly Rents for the ſame, as ſhall be agreed upon, to commence from the End of the Year.

WHEREAS Joyce the Wife of Mr. Moses Andrees, of Creed-Church-lane, Leadenhall-ſtreet, London, Jeweller, has for ſome conſiderable Time paſt made it her Buſineſs, with others at preſent unknown to the ſaid Mr. Andrees, to purloin and waſte the ſaid Mr. Andrees's Goods and Subſtance; and the ſaid Joyce does now live apart from her ſaid Husband.

Now I the ſaid Moses Andrees do hereby give the Publick Notice, and forewarn all manner of Perſons whatſoever, from truſting or giving any manner of Credit to her the ſaid Joyce, for I will not pay any Debts that ſhe ſhall or may contract. As Witneſs my Hand this 16th Day of Auguſt, 1737.

MOSES ANDREES.

This Day is Publiſhed,
Beautifully printed in TWO VOLUMES, *Octavo,*
(Price bound Twelve Shillings)

MEDULLA POETARUM ROMANORUM: Or, The moſt beautiful and inſtructive Paſſages of the Roman Poets; being a Collection, diſpoſed under proper Heads, of ſuch Deſcriptions, Alluſions, Compariſons, Characters and Sentiments, as may beſt ſerve to ſhew the Religion, Learning, Politicks, Arts, Cuſtoms, Opinions, Manners and Circumſtances of the Ancients. With Tranſlations of the ſame into Engliſh Verſe by the moſt eminent Hands, viz.

ADDISON,	TRAP,
DRYDEN,	HUGHES,
CREECH,	CONGREVE,
ROWE,	CROXAL,
POPE,	GAY, &c.

Publiſhed by Mr. HENRY BAKER.

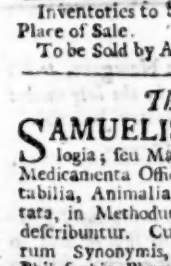
The Tranſlations will enable thoſe who have made but a moderate Progreſs in the Learned Languages to preſerve, at leaſt, if not improve what they have obtained. —— What was Labour and Fatigue in the Schools, they will now find an agreeable Amuſement and uſeful Diverſion, and will be allur'd to recover what they have loſt, or to ſupply what they want. The Inſtructors of Youth will find their Account in a Manual which contains a Repoſitory of the moſt beautiful Sentiments, finely expreſs'd.

Printed for D. Midwinter, A. Betteſworth and C. Hitch, J. and J. Pemberton, C. Ware, C. Rivington, F. Clay, J. Batley and J. Wood, A. Ward, J. and P. Knapton, T. Longman and R. Hett.

Of whom may likewiſe be had, the Second Edition, to which is prefixed the Life of Eraſmus, *of*

II. All the Familiar Colloquies of Leſſerius Eraſmus of Rotterdam, concerning Men, Manners and Things Faithfully Tranſlated into Engliſh. By N. Bailey, Author of the Univerſal Etymological Engliſh Dictionary: Of which the Eighth Edition is juſt Publiſhed; containing many Thouſand Words more than either Harris, Phillips, Kerſey or any Engliſh Dictionary before Extant.

For Sale by the Candle,
On Friday the 9th of September, 1737, *at* [illegible]
Coffee-houſe in Lombard-ſtreet, at 12 *o'Clock at Noon,*



THE Good Ship *Britannia*, with 16 Guns, a prime Sailer, [illegible] Stern'd, Boſton built, and new [illegible] Burthen 229 Tons more or leſs, with proportionable Dimenſions, being ſtout the Sea, now lying in Hanover [illegible] Rotherhith,

JOHN WALLIS, Commander.

Inventories to be ſeen on board the ſaid Ship, and at Place of Sale.

To be Sold by ABRAHAM COLEMAN, Legal [illegible]

This Day is Publiſhed,

SAMUELIS DALEI, M. L. Pharmacologia; ſeu Manuductio ad Materiam Medicam: In Medicamenta Officinalia Simplicia, hoc eſt Mineralia, Vegetabilia, Animalia, eorumq; Partes in Medicina Officinata, in Methodum naturalem digeſta, ſuccinctè & [illegible] deſcribuntur. Cum Notis Generum Characteriſticis, Synonymis, Differentiis, & Viribus. Opus [illegible] Philoſophis, Pharmacopœis, Chirurgis, &c. utiliſſimum. Calcem adjicitur Index duplex; Generalis alter, Nomen, &c. Alter Anglico-Latinus, in Gratiam Tyronum. Tertia Editio, multis emendata & aucta.

Londini, Impenſis Gul. Innys & Ric. Manby, Regiæ [illegible] etati Typographorum.

Concerning Gleets *and* Seminal Weakneſs *of all Kinds.*

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes, whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain, ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption, which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch, therefore, who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old or Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe, and ſpeedy Cure, which they moſt aſſuredly may, by taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent BALSAMICK RESTAICTIVE ELECTUARY, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years been experienc'd never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt Stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels, and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent BALSAMICK RESTAICTIVE ELECTUARY is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Diſorder of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigu'd with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been tried in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in it, and all who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purpoſes have readily declared.

The Price is but 6 s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radcliff's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Diſeaſe is intirely eradicated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary.

An Infallible REMEDY
For BROKEN-WINDED HORSES,

WHich has been publiſhed and [illegible] many Years before any Counterfeits in [illegible] Forms appeared; and highly commended from one [illegible] to another. The vaſt Quantities that have been ſold alſo verify the Truth of its Efficacy and Virtues, which perfectly cures them, after many things premiſed have [illegible] ineffectual, to a Wonder, in a ſmall time, without Confinement; by attenuating and opening the Globules of the Lungs dried up, and all the Paſſages obſtructed by Humours dripping thereon, occaſion'd by hard Riding, Colds, &c. cauſes preſently a free Perſpiration, renewing its Vigour and Length again, as well as ever.

It immediately cures thoſe Horſes only a little touch'd in their Wind, as alſo all continued Coughs, Colds, Wheezing, &c. being excellent in preventing many other Diſorders incident unto them, by maintaining, preſerving, and continuing a good Breath.

And in a word, by this very Medicine alone, many Horſes have been made ſo perfectly ſound, that they have been ſold and valued at 10 and 12 l. which by being Broken-winded could not before be ſold for 3 or 4 l.

It is ſold at Mr. Sandwell's Toy-Shop at the Griffin Corner of Buckler's-Bury in the Poultry, at 4 s. 6 d. the Bottle, with Directions for taking it; and no where elſe in England.